Corresponding Parts of Congruent Triangles are Congruent CPCTC HSG.CO.B.7

Goal: I can apply CPCTC in triangle proofs.

Essential Questions:

- 1.) What is CPCTC and when do you use it?
- 2.) At what point in a proof do use CPCTC?
- 3.) How do you know when to use CPCTC?

4-4 Using Congruent Triangles: CPCTC

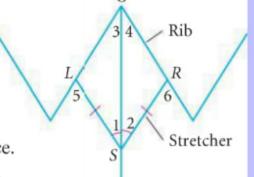
HSG.CO.B.7

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Once you know triangles are congruent, you can make conclusions about their other parts because by definition, corresponding parts of congruent triangles are congruent (CPCTC).

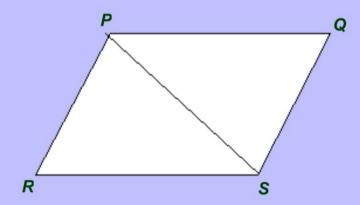
✓ What other congruence statements can you prove from the diagram and paragraph proof in example 1?

Proof: It is given that $\overline{SL} \cong \overline{SR}$ and $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$. $\overline{SC} \cong \overline{SC}$ by the Reflexive Property of Congruence. $\triangle LSC \cong \triangle RSC$ by SAS, so $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$ by CPCTC.



✓ Given: $\angle Q \cong \angle R$, $\angle QPS \cong \angle RSP$

Prove: $SQ \cong PR$

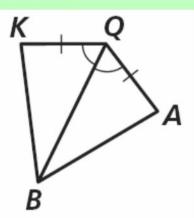


Goal: To learn and apply the CPCTC in triangle proofs.

Exercises

Complete the two-column proof.

1. Given:
$$\overline{QK} \cong \overline{QA}$$
; \overline{QB} bisects $\angle KQA$
Prove: $\overline{KB} \cong \overline{AB}$



Statements

2.
$$\angle KQB \cong \angle AQB$$
 b. $?$

4.
$$\triangle KBQ \cong \triangle ABQ$$
 d. ?

5.
$$\overline{KB} \cong \overline{AB}$$

Reasons

1. Given

3. Reflexive Property of \cong

e. ?

Goal: To learn and apply the CPCTC in triangle proofs.

Write a two-column proof.

2. Given: $\overline{MN} \cong \overline{MP}$, $\overline{NO} \cong \overline{PO}$

Prove: $\angle N \cong \angle P$



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Write a two-column proof.

3. Given: \overline{ON} bisects $\angle JOH$, $\angle J \cong \angle H$

Prove: $\overline{JN} \cong \overline{HN}$

