



## Antiderivatives

A function  $F$  is the antiderivative of  $f$  on an interval if  $F'(x) = f(x)$  for all  $x$  in the interval.

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} \rightarrow y = \text{some expression with } x$$



Names

Gen/Par

Notation

# Antiderivatives

## Other Names for an Antiderivative

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**Integral**

**Indefinite Integral**

**General Solution**

**Particular Solution**



**Names**

**Gen/Par**

**Notation**

# Antiderivatives

## General Solution

$F(x) + c$  ← **constant of variation**  
↑  
**General Solution**

## Particular Solution

$F(x) + c$  at a specific point. So, we would solve for  $c$  and substitute it into the equation.



**Names**

**Gen/Par**

**Notation**



# Antiderivatives

## Notation

$$\int f(x) dx = F(x) + C$$

**"The antiderivative of f with respect to x"**



**Names**

**Gen/Par**

**Notation**

# Basic Integration Rules

1.  $\int 0 dx = C$

2.  $\int k dx = kx + C$

3.  $\int kf(x) dx = k \int f(x) dx$

4.  $\int [f(x) \pm g(x)] dx = \int f(x) dx \pm \int g(x) dx$

5.  $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C, n \neq -1$

6.  $\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$

7.  $\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$

8.  $\int \sec^2 x dx = \tan x + C$

9.  $\int \sec x \tan x dx = \sec x + C$

10.  $\int \csc^2 x dx = -\cot x + C$

11.  $\int \csc x \cot x dx = -\csc x + C$



**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$y' = 3$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9





**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$dy/dx = 2x^5$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9





**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$dy/dx = 5\sqrt{x}$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9







**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$\int \frac{2}{x^4} dx$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9





**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$\int 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 1 \, dx$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9





**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$\int t^2 - \sin t \, dt$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9





**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$\int \sec p(\tan p - \sec p) dp$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9





**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$\int \frac{x^2 + x - 1}{x^4} dx$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9





**Find the antiderivative/indefinite integral**

$$\int \frac{-\cos x}{\sin^2 x} dx$$

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9





## Solve the Differential

(find the particular solution given the initial condition)

$$f'(s) = 6s - 8s^3; f(2) = 3$$



1

2





## Solve the Differential

(find the particular solution given the initial condition)

$$f'(s) = \sin x; f(\pi) = 5$$



1

2

